

Certified IPM Technician Content Outline

1. Inspection & Monitoring for Pests (25% of exam content)

- a. Inspect for pests
 - i. Tools available for inspection and appropriate uses (e.g., flashlight, moisture meter, flushing agents, probe, screwdriver to remove face plates or inspection access, mechanics mirror to see under/around
 - ii. Probable locations of pests (a.k.a. "pest vulnerable areas" dictated by biology/behavior)
 - iii. Recognize evidence, damage, of pests
 - iv. Conditions conducive to pests (e.g., site, weather, ambient conditions)
 - v. Possible pest entry points
- b. Select appropriate monitoring tools
 - i. Monitoring tools available and their uses/limitations and related safety precautions (e.g., sticky traps, light traps, pheromone traps, rodent stations and non-toxic bait blocks)
 - ii. Pests that are most commonly monitored (cockroaches, flies, stored product pests, termites, bed bugs, rodents)
- c. Place monitoring tools properly
 - i. Proper use and placement of tools
 - ii. Appropriate combined use of tools
- d. Monitoring should be an on-going activity

2. Identify pests (25% of exam content)

- i. Basic ID characteristics of list below
- ii. Damage caused by those listed below
- iii. Use a smartphone magnifier if taking pictures of small pests
 - 1. Know what to photo based on basic ID characteristics
- iv. Contact your company office or local Extension office for help

3. <u>Selection and Implementation of Control Methods (20% of exam content)</u>

- a. Choose the appropriate control method(s) for pest management
 - i. Physical and mechanical control options available, appropriateness of each, and advantages/limitations of each (e.g., exclusion which is a key component in pest prevention and reducing call-backs, HEPA vacuums, eliminating

harborage/source reduction, traps/glueboards, pest proof design, removal, air curtains, lights)

- ii. Chemical control options available, appropriateness of each, and advantages/limitations of each (e.g., IGRs, Pheromones/Attractants, Pesticides)
- iii. What a Mode of Action is
- iv. Pesticide resistance
- v. Pesticide formulations (including storage, safety, and handling)
- vi. Pesticide application techniques
- vii. Following label instructions, including disposal
- viii. Relative effectiveness/efficacy versus risk of various control methods and options within each method
- ix. How to locate local/state regulations that may differ from product labels
- b. Select the appropriate tool(s) for use with the pest management method(s) for pest scenarios
 - i. Tools available, appropriateness of each, and advantages/limitations of each and related safety precautions (e.g., compressed air sprayer, infrared camera, gas detector, duster)
 - ii. Regulations/Hazards (if any) pertaining to each tool
- c. Regulation Overview
 - i. General info on how technicians are held to laws.
- d. Decoding a pesticide label
 - i. Including SDS and GHS
- e. Educate & communicate with the customer on their role in pest management
 - i. Critical messages to convey
 - ii. Appropriate methods for message conveyance
 - iii. Customer behavioral modifications

4. Evaluation (20% of exam content)

- a. Look for reduction in pests
 - i. Monitoring
 - ii. Identification (importance of it, not specific to pests)
- b. Analyze pre- and post-treatment effects
 - i. Acceptable thresholds
 - ii. Pesticide resistance
 - iii. How to analyze the presence of pests over space and time
 - iv. Managing customer expectations
 - v. Interpreting results
- c. Determine next steps
 - i. IPM process
 - ii. Methods/options available
 - iii. Use of results to affirm/modify pest management methods/options

d.

5. Documentation (10% of exam content)

a. Location of monitors

- b. What you are applying
- c. How much you are applying
- d. When you are applying
- e. Where you are applying

Pests on the Exam

- 1. Spiders
- 2. Cockroaches
- 3. Beetles
- 4. Springtails
- 5. Earwigs
- 6. Flies
- 7. True Bugs
- 8. Hymenoptera
- 9. Termites
- 10. Moths
- 11. Fleas
- 12. Zygentoma
- 13. Mosquitoes
- 14. Ticks
- 15. Occasional Invaders/Termites
- 16. Rodents